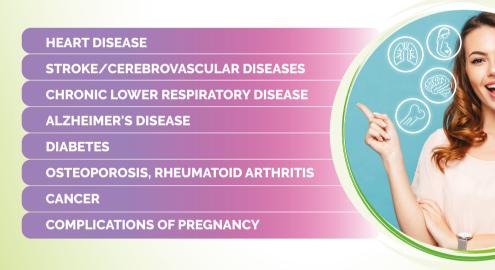


PERIODONTAL DISEASES ARE THE SIX MOST PREVALENT NON-COMMUNICABLE DISEASES WORLDWIDE

POSSIBLE ASSOCIATIONS BETWEEN PERIODONTAL DISEASES AND SYSTEMIC DISEASES:



Periodontitis is a constant potential source of infection and inflammation; higher levels of systemic inflammation biomarkers, such as pro-inflammatory cytokines (TNF-**a**, IL-1 and IL-6) and C-reactive protein as a result of microbial translocation from periodontal lesions, have been observed in patients with periodontal disease.

REFERENCES: 1. Ullah, H.; Minno, A.D.; Filippis, A.D.; Sommella, E.; Buccato, D.G.; Lellis, L.F.D.; El-Seedi, H.R.; Khalifa, S.A.M.; Piccinocchi, R.; Galdiero, M.; et al. In Vitro Antimicrobial and Antibiofilm Properties and Bioaccessibility after Oral Digestion of Chemically Characterized Extracts Obtained from *Cistus × incanus* L., *Scutellaria lateriflora* L., and Their Combination. Foods 2023, 12, 1826. https://doi.org/10.3390/foods12091826 2. Efficacy and tolerability of a *Scutellaria lateriflora* L. and *Cistus × incanus* L.- based chewing gum on the symptoms of gingivitis: a monocentric, randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled clinical trial. Di Minno, A.; Ullah, H.; De Lellis, L.F.; Buccato, D.G.; Baldi, A.; Cuomo, P.; El-Seedi, H.R.; Khalifa, S.A.M.; Xiao, X.; Piccinocchi, R.; et al. Efficacy and Tolerability of a *Scutellaria lateriflora* L. and *Cistus × incanus* L.-Based Chewing Gum on the Symptoms of Gingivitis: A Monocentric, Randomized, Double-Blind, Placebo-Controlled Clinical Trial. Nutrients 2024, 16, 862. https://doi.org/10.3390/nu16060862 3. Martínez-García M. Hernández-Lemus E. Periodontal Inflammation and Systemic Diseases: An Overview. Front Physiol. 2021 Oct 27;12:709438. doi: 10.3389/fphys.2021.709438. PMID: 34776994; PMCID: PMC8578868.





Gingivitis is a common, mild form of periodontal disease, causing tenderness, redness, and swelling of the gum around the teeth implant. If not promptly handled, gingivitis spreads to the underlying tissue and bone (periodontitis); the latter cannot revert to a state of health, ultimately causing tooth loss.



GINGIVITIS CAN BE SUCCESSFULLY TREATED

Poor oral hygiene is the most common cause of gingivitis and Porphyromonas gingivalis is one of the major pathogens responsible for severe and chronic periodontitis

Skullcap

e with anxiol documented

> **PLANoral**[®] is a **patented combination** of two **chemically characterized dry extracts**, exerting beneficial effects on oral health for the prevention of periodontitis.

CHRONIC CONDITION **CAUSING TOOTH LOSS**

> Cistus Cistus x incanus L. has stong

and antiviral. It is used in the relief of gastric and respiratory ailments

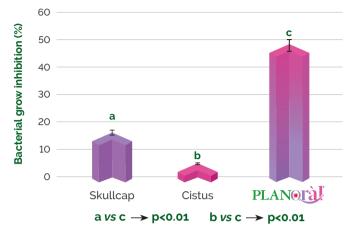
www.eposrl.com

IN VITRO STUDIES

PLAN®

Scutellaria lateriflora L. and Cistus x incanus L. work synergically in a unique blend (patent N. IT 102021000018035) acting as antibacterial against Porphyromonas gingivalis to prevent periodontitis.

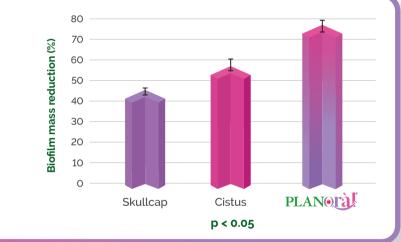




Dental caries and dental plague are among the most common diseases worldwide and are caused by a mixture of microorganisms and food debris. Specific types of acid-producing bacteria, especially Streptococcus mutans, are the main cause of caries. The presence of Scutellaria lateriflora L. extract in PLANoràl® contributes to the antibacterial activity of the blend against this pathogen (the bacterial grow inhibition accounts for ~70% compared to ampicillin).

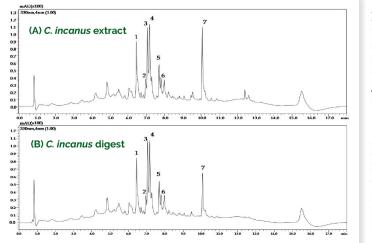
PLAN® EXERTS ANTIBIOFILM ACTIVITY

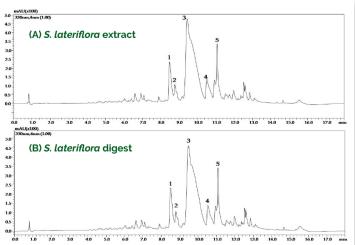
Biofilm formation is one of the main virulence mechanisms of *P. gingivalis*, contributing to the increase of the gingival tissue degradation process: PLANoràl® induces a biofilm mass reduction of about 80%



SIMULATED DIGESTION

The polyphenolic profile of both extracts resulted to be stable after simulated oral digestion





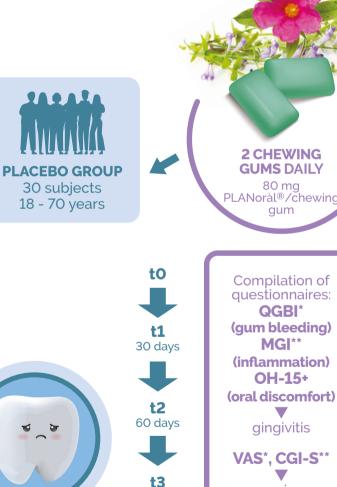
CLINICAL STUDY

PLANO IN IMPROVES GUM HEALTH

Bacteria on the tooth surface cannot be completely removed by mechanical procedures and the long-term use of antiseptic mouthwashes may damage oral microbiome causing dysbiosis and the development of antibiotic resistance.

Given the promising in vitro results, PLANoràl® was used to prepare chewing gums that, insuring a prolonged contact with the masticatory system, were likely to improve oral health.

RESULTS: a clinically relevant and significant improvement in gingival health occurs after a 3-month intervention with the chewing gums containing S. lateriflora and C. incanus extracts. During the 3 months of treatment no subjects reported adverse effect.



NO

90 days



